

To: Board of the European Evaluation Society
Attn.: Mr. K. Forss
Prague Congress Centre, 5
Prague 4, Czech Republic

Ref NLA2013148/2011

Werkhoven, 18 October 2013

Dear Members of the Board,

We confirm our permission to include the following text of our auditor's report in the financial statements of the European Evaluation Society for the year 2011 dated 18 October 2013 that equals the final draft presented to us of which an initialled copy is enclosed:

"INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: Board of the European Evaluation Society

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements 2011 of the European Evaluation Society, The Hague, which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2011, the profit and loss account for the year then ended and the notes, comprising a summary of the accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the European Evaluation Society's accounting principles. Furthermore management is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. This requires that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's

judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for qualified opinion

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the 2010 Prague conference result because of inconclusive documentation on the completeness of subscription fees from the conference participants. Consequently we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to the financial result might have been necessary for 2010. Our audit report on the financial statements as at December 31, 2010, and for the year then ended was modified accordingly. The aforementioned circumstances are no longer applicable as at December 31, 2011, however these circumstances result in an inability to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence, deemed to be material but not pervasive, in the audit of the present year. Since the 2010 conference result determines the 2011 opening unassigned reserves, we were unable to determine whether adjustments to these reserves might have been necessary.

Qualified opinion with respect to the financial statements

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion paragraph, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the European Evaluation Society as at December 31, 2011 and of its result for the year then ended in accordance with the European Evaluation Society's accounting principles.

Werkhoven, 18 October 2013

NielenVanDeLaar accountants B.V.

Drs. G. van de Laar RA RC".

The text of our auditor's report states the name of our firm and the name of the responsible audit partner but without a handwritten signature. We kindly request you to include the text of

the auditor's report without handwritten signature in the version of the annual report that will be published. We have enclosed one copy of our auditor's report with an original handwritten signature. This copy is meant for your own purposes.

Publication of our auditor's report is only allowed together with the corresponding complete set of the financial statements.

If you wish to publish the financial statements and our auditor's report on the Internet, it is your responsibility to ensure proper separation of the financial statements from other information on the website. For example, by presenting the financial statements as a separate, read-only file, or by issuing a warning if readers switch from the web page containing the financial statements ("You are now leaving the secure page containing the audited financial statements.").

Yours sincerely,

Werkhoven, 18 October 2013

NielenVanDeLaar accountants B.V.



Drs. G. van de Laar RA RC
Partner

Attachments:

- Initialled 2011 financial statements
- Independent auditor's report

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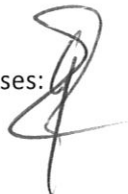
Werkhoven, 18 October 2013

NielenVanDeLaar accountants B.V.



Drs. G. van de Laar RA RC

Initialed for identification purposes:





EUROPEAN
EVALUATION
SOCIETY

2011 Financial Statements



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BALANCE SHEET PER 31st December 2011
(after appropriation of the result)

(all amounts in EUR)

	31.12.2011	31.12.2010
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Current account with CZECH- IN	76.980	97.083
	76.980	97.083
	<u>76.980</u>	<u>97.083</u>



(all amounts in EUR)		31.12.2011	31.12.2010
LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Unassigned reserves	18.664	18.664	45.319
SHORT TERM DEBTS			
Creditors	7.917		10.647
Other debts and liabilities			
carried over to next year	50.400	58.316	51.764
		76.980	97.083



PROFIT & LOSS Account for 2011

(all amounts in EUR)

Income	2011	2010
Contributions direct	75.246	59.657
Other income	-	1.355
EES Conference	-	62.063
Total income	75.246	123.076
Costs		
Secretariat	23.136	28.221
Accountant	6.780	11.272
Website development	3.467	5.480
Third party services	-	450
EES Events	8.596	-
Telephone costs	1.614	672
Postage/Courier	378	1.291
Print costs	303	-
Costs Sage	27.805	23.102
Office Costs	4.428	-
Subscriptions/Contributions	2.000	1.637
Chamber of Commerce	11	-
Kilometer costs (Travel)	-	595
Meals and dinners (Decl.)	1.860	2.120
Business related gifts	285	20
Reimbursements	9.916	15.718
Hotel costs	8.222	7.916
Bank costs	1.798	630
Other costs	1.302	-
Costs (-)	101.901	99.123
NET RESULT	(26.655)	23.953

EXPLANATION TO THE BALANCE SHEET AND THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Significant accounting policies

Principal activities

The association, having its legal address in Amsterdam, is an association under Dutch law. The goal of the European Evaluation Society is to stimulate and promote theory, practice, and utilization of high quality evaluation especially, but not exclusively, within Europe. This goal is obtained by bringing together academics and practitioners from all over Europe and from different professional sectors, thus creating a forum where all participants can benefit from the co-operation and bridge building opportunities of the EES. The main vehicle for this knowledge exchange is the biennial conference. Membership in the European Evaluation Society gives evaluators and organizations/institutions access to a body of knowledge and network of professionals, involved in evaluation in Europe and elsewhere. Membership fee includes subscription to Evaluation, The International Journal of Theory, Research, and Practice, as well as other benefits such as reduced fees for conferences, access to membership area, and events.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the association's accounting principles. The applied accounting policies are based on the historical cost convention. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of the going concern assumption.

Accounting policies

General

Unless stated otherwise, assets and liabilities are shown at nominal value.

An asset is disclosed in the balance sheet when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. A liability is recognised in the balance sheet when it is expected to result in an outflow from the entity of resources embodying economic benefits and the amount of the obligation can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account when an increase in future economic potential related to an increase in an asset or a decrease of a liability has arisen, the size of which can be measured reliably. Expenses are recognised when a decrease in the economic potential related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen, the size of which can be measured with sufficient reliability.

If a transaction results in a transfer of future economic benefits and or when all risks relating to assets or liabilities transfer to a third party, the asset or liability is no longer included in the balance sheet. Assets and liabilities are not included in the balance sheet if economic benefits are not probable and/or cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.



Income and expenses are allocated to the period to which they relate. Income are recognized when the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the buyer.

The financial statements are presented in euros, the company's functional currency.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the management to form opinions and to make estimates and assumptions that influence the application of principles and the reported values of assets and liabilities and of income and expenditure. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are constantly assessed. Revisions of estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in future periods for which the revision has consequences.

Principles for the translation of foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currency are translated into the euro at the exchange rate applying on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at the balance sheet date into the euro at the exchange rate applying on that date. Translation gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account as expenditure.

Receivables

Receivables are carried at nominal value less impairment losses. The recoverability of receivables is determined by assessing the recoverability of individual receivables.

Equity

Assigned or unassigned reserves have been presented as equity.

Provisions

Provisions are valued at the nominal value of the expenses expected to be incurred in settling the liabilities and losses. A provision is recognised if the association has a legal or constructive obligation, arising from a past event; and the amount can be estimated reliably; and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Income recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Contribution fees are recognized over the membership period, and the recovery of the fee is probable. Conference related income is recognized when the service has been delivered, the associated costs can be estimated reliably, and the recovery of the consideration is probable.



Notes

Contribution fees

The annual contribution fees are received from three different sources. There are the individual membership fees at EUR 125 per 12 months, student membership fees at EUR 62,50 per 12 months and there are the Institutional membership fees at EUR 1 200 per annum.

Membership fee collected in 2011 is built up as follows:

- Individual members 324
- Institutional members 29
- Student members 11

Current account with CZECH-IN

All amounts received and paid during the year have been recognized through CZECH-IN s.r.o. at the CZECH-IN holding account. The balance will be transferred by CZECH-In to the EES bank account once this account will be established.

Other debts and liabilities carried over to next year

Other debts and liabilities per 31 December 2011 is as follows:

	31.12.2011	31.12.2010
Creditors	9 830	-
Contributions received in 2011 and related to 2012	24 052	31 422
2009 Accruals	2 915	2 915
Accrued items	13 560	6 780
Bank overdraft	60	
	<u>50 400</u>	<u>41 117</u>

EMPLOYEES

The Society had no employees on their payroll in 2011.

Prague, 18 October 2013

María Bustelo
EES President

Kim Forss
EES Treasurer



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